

Graphing Quadratics Homework

1)  $y = -2(x - 1)^2 + 5$

Axis of Symmetry is  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

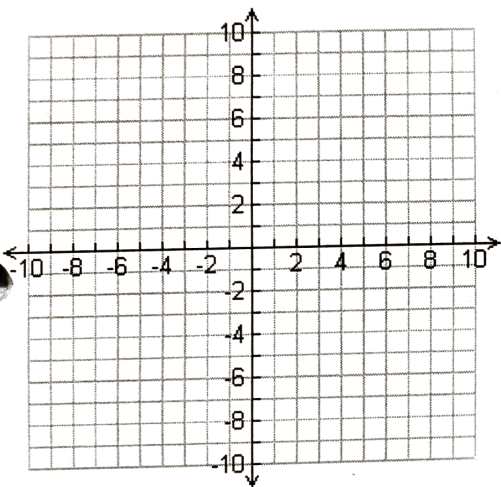
Vertex: (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)

Opens up or down?

Find pts 1 unit L/R of vertex:

(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_) and (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)

y-intercept: (0, \_\_\_\_\_)



2)  $y = 2x^2 - 8x + 6$      $a =$      $b =$      $c =$

Opens up or down?

Is vertex a max or min?

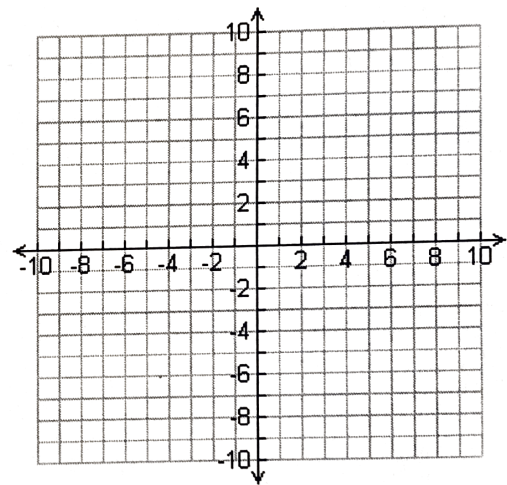
Y-intercept: (0, \_\_\_\_\_)

Axis of Symmetry is  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Vertex: (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)

Find pts 1 unit L/R of vertex at

(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_) and (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)



3)  $y = \frac{1}{2}(x - 3)(x + 3)$

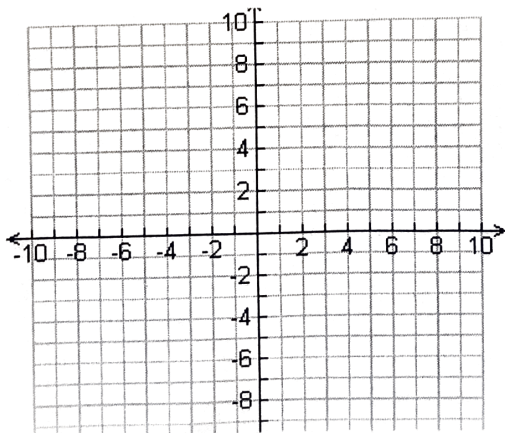
x-intercepts: (\_\_\_\_\_, 0) (\_\_\_\_\_, 0)

Axis of Symmetry is  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

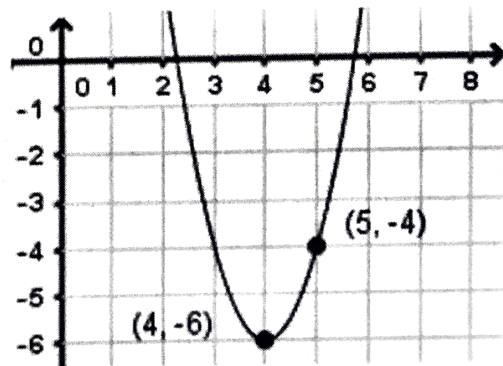
Vertex: (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)

y-intercept: (0, \_\_\_\_\_)

Extra point: (\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)



4) Write each equation



Standard Form: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertex Form: \_\_\_\_\_

Intercept Form: \_\_\_\_\_

# Graphing Quadratics Homework

Use vertex form to write a quadratic equation from given points

Use each table to write a quadratic function in vertex form,  $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$ .  
Then rewrite the function in standard form,  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ .

The vertex of the parabola is (2, 5).

x	y
-1	59
1	11
2	5
3	11
5	59

The vertex of the parabola is (-2, -7).

x	y
0	-27
-1	-12
-2	-7
-3	-12
-4	-27

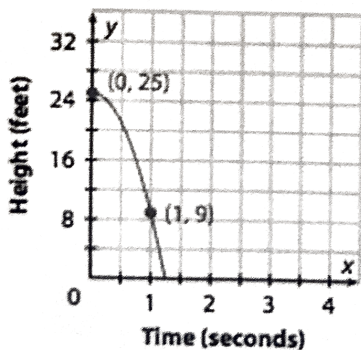
The vertex of the function is (6, -8).

x	y
10	24
8	0
6	-8
4	0
2	24

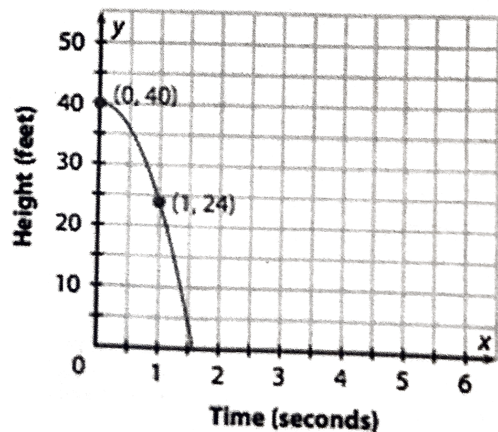
The vertex of the function is (4, 7).

x	y
0	-1
2	5
4	7
6	5
8	-1

A house painter standing on a ladder drops a paintbrush, which falls to the ground. The paintbrush's height above the ground (in feet) is given by a function of the form  $f(t) = a(t - h)^2$  where  $t$  is the time (in seconds) after the paintbrush is dropped.



A rock is knocked off a cliff into the water far below. The falling rock's height above the water (in feet) is given by a function of the form  $f(t) = a(t - h)^2 + k$  where  $t$  is the time (in seconds) after the rock begins to fall.



# Graphing Quadratic Functions Study Guide

## Vertex Form

$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

-Easiest way to graph:

- Find the vertex (h, k)
- Graph the axis of symmetry  $x = h$
- Find points L/R of the vertex using  $a$
- To find the y-intercept you have to plug in zero for x

## Standard Form

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

-Easiest way to graph:

- Find the axis of symmetry using  $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$
- Plug the x value for the axis of symmetry into the equation to find the y value of the vertex
- The y-intercept is equal to c
- If  $a > 0$ , the parabola opens up
- If  $a < 0$ , the parabola opens down
- Find points L/R of the vertex using  $a$

## Intercept Form

$$y = k(x - a)(x - b)$$

-Easiest way to graph:

- Find the x intercepts
- Find halfway between the x intercepts to find the axis of symmetry
- Plug in the x value of the axis of symmetry to find the vertex
- To find the y-intercept you have to plug in zero for x

- Know the vocabulary: axis of symmetry, vertex, maximum, minimum, zeros/x-intercepts/roots
- How to find the vertex, axis of symmetry, zeros/roots, and how to graph from standard form, vertex form, and intercept form
- Write the equation for the graph in vertex form, standard form, and intercept form
- Word problems (will be one of the ones we do in class)

Ways to Study:

*Go over old homework*

*Look back at old notes*

*Look back at powerpoints- see [www.bolusmath.weebly.com](http://www.bolusmath.weebly.com)*

*Teach a friend/sibling/parent*

*Call a friend and discuss problems*

*Google similar problems with khan academy ("graphing quadratic functions")*