

Review:

$$180(n-2)$$

How many sides does a polygon with an interior angle sum of 4140 degrees have? **25**

What is the measure of the exterior angle of a regular dodecagon?

$$\frac{360}{12} = 30^\circ$$

What is the measure of each angle in a regular octagon? $\frac{(8-2)(180)}{8} = 135^\circ$

Draw a picture of the following:

a) A concave quadrilateral



b) A convex nonagon



c) A regular quadrilateral



Angle Chasing Worksheet

Triangle Inequality Theorem

Triangle Inequality Theorem	
The sum of any two side lengths of a triangle is greater than the third side length.	
	$AB + BC > AC$
	$BC + AC > AB$
	$AC + AB > BC$

Tell whether a triangle can have the following side lengths:

7, 10, 19 **No** $7+10 \not> 19$

2.3, 3.1, 4.6 **Yes**

12, 4, 17 **No**

24, 8, 30 **Yes**

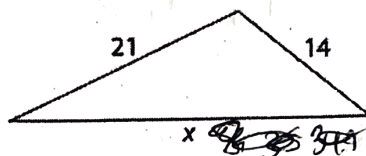
The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 8 inches and 13 inches. Find the range of possible lengths for the third side.

$$5 < x < 21$$

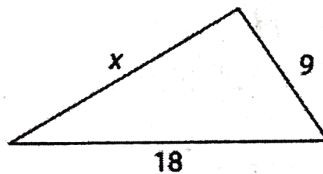
The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 22 inches and 17 inches. Find the range of possible lengths for the third side.

$$5 < x < 39$$

Find the range of possible lengths for the third side of each triangle.

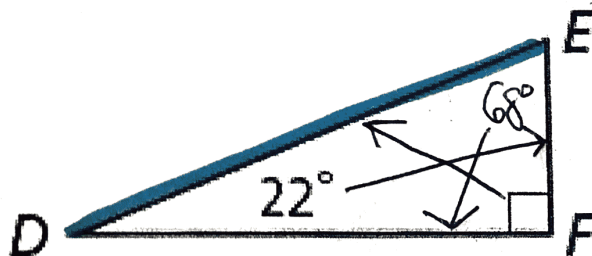


$$7 < x < 35$$

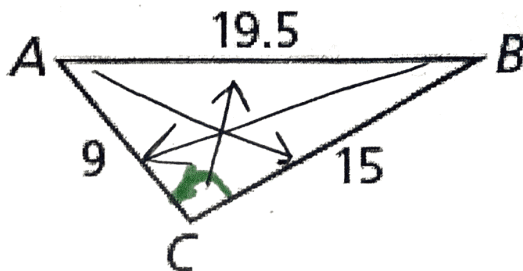


$$9 < x < 27$$

Which side is the longest?



Which angle is the largest?

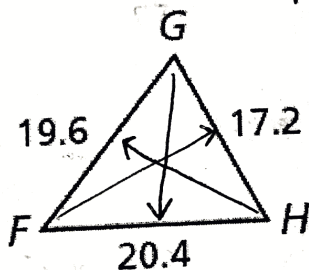


in each.

$3x + 2^\circ$

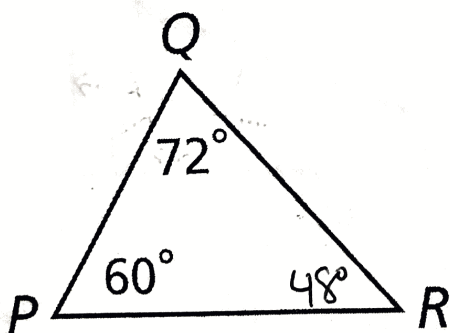
The largest angle is opposite the longest side in any given triangle.

Write the angles in order from smallest to largest.



F, H, G

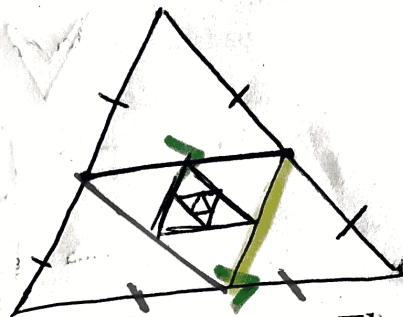
Write the sides in order from shortest to longest.



\overline{PQ} , \overline{QR} , \overline{PR}

Midsegments of Triangles

The **midsegment** of a triangle is a line segment that connects the midpoints of two sides of the triangle. Every triangle has three midsegments.



Triangle Midsegment Theorem

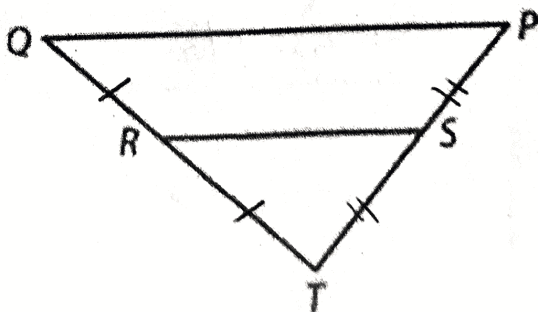
The segment joining the midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side, and its length is half the length of that side.

In the figure, R and S are the midpoints of \overline{QT} and \overline{PT} .

\overline{RS} is parallel to \overline{QP} .

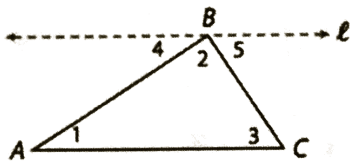
If $QP = 16$, then $RS = 8$.

If $RS = 9$, then $QP = 18$.

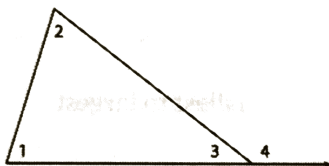


Review Sheet

Proofs We Have Discussed and will be on the quiz



Statements	Reasons
1. Draw line l through point B parallel to AC .	1. Parallel Postulate
2. $m\angle 1 = m\angle 4$ and $m\angle 3 = m\angle 5$	2. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
3. $m\angle 4 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 5 = 180^\circ$	3. Angle Addition Postulate and definition of straight angle
4. $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 180^\circ$	4. Substitution Property of Equality



By the **Triangle Sum Theorem**, $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 180^\circ$.

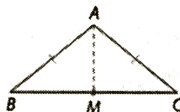
Also, $m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 = 180^\circ$ because they are supplementary and make a straight angle.

By the Substitution Property of Equality, then, $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 4$.

Subtracting $m\angle 3$ from each side of this equation leaves $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 4$.

This means that the measure of an exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the measures of the remote interior angles.

Critical Thinking Prove $\angle B \cong \angle C$, given point M is the midpoint of BC .



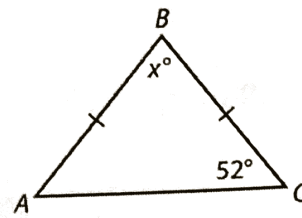
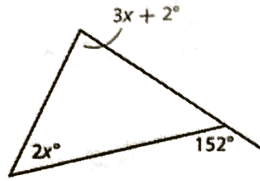
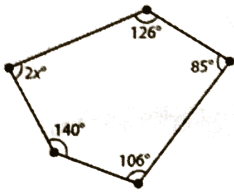
Statements	Reasons
1. M is the midpoint of BC .	1. Given
2. $\overline{BM} \cong \overline{CM}$	2. Definition of midpoint
3. $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$	3. Given
4. $\overline{AM} \cong \overline{AM}$	4. Reflexive Property of Congruence
5. $\triangle AMB \cong \triangle AMC$	5. SSS Triangle Congruence Theorem
6. $\angle B \cong \angle C$	6. CPCTC

1. How do you find the sum of the interior angles of a polygon?

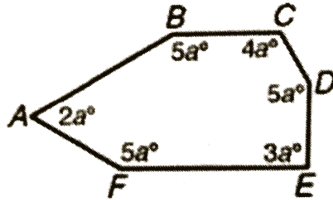
2. How many sides does a polygon with an interior angle sum of 2700° have?

3. What is the measure of an interior angle of a regular pentagon?

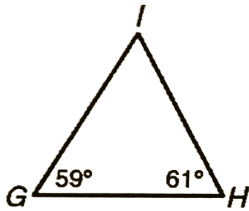
4. Find the value of x in each.



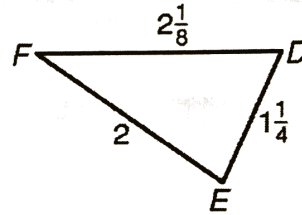
Find the value of a . \rightarrow



5. Name the sides from smallest to largest.



6. Name the angles in order from smallest to largest.



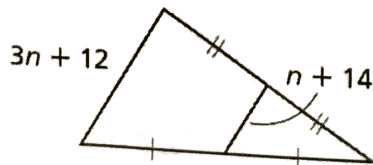
7. Can three segments with lengths 8, 15, and 6 make a triangle? Explain your answer.

8. Can a triangle be made from the side lengths 3, 3, and 6? Explain.

9. A triangle has sides 3 cm and 8 cm. What are the possible side lengths of the third side?

10. What is a midsegment of a triangle?

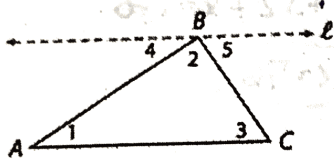
Find the value of n .



Review Sheet

Key

Proofs We Have Discussed and will be on the quiz



Statements	Reasons
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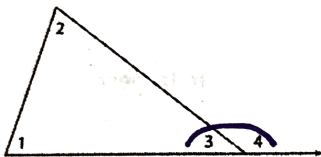
By the **Triangle Sum Theorem**, $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 180^\circ$.

Also, $m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 = 180^\circ$ because they are supplementary and make a straight angle.

By the Substitution Property of Equality, then, $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 4$.

Subtracting $m\angle 3$ from each side of this equation leaves $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 4$.

This means that the measure of an exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the measures of the remote interior angles.



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Statements	Reasons
1. M is the midpoint of BC .	1. Given
2. $BM \cong CM$	2. Definition of midpoint
3. $AB \cong AC$	3. Given
4. $AM \cong AM$	4. Reflexive Property of Congruence
5. $\triangle AMB \cong \triangle AMC$	5. SSS Triangle Congruence Theorem
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1. How do you find the sum of the interior angles of a polygon?

formula: $180(n-2)$
 $n = \# \text{ of sides}$

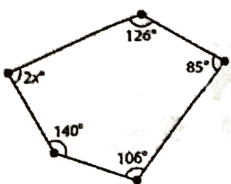
2. How many sides does a polygon with an interior angle sum of 2700° have?

$2700 = 180(n-2)$
 $15 = n-2$ $n = 17$

3. What is the measure of an interior angle of a regular pentagon?

$180(3) = 540$ $\frac{540}{5} = 108^\circ$

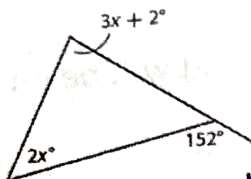
4. Find the value of x in each.



$$180(5-2)$$

$$540$$

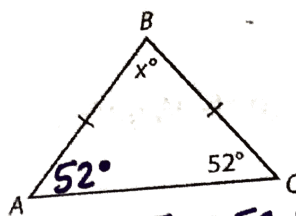
$$41.5$$



$$3x+2+2x=152$$

$$5x=150$$

$$x=30$$

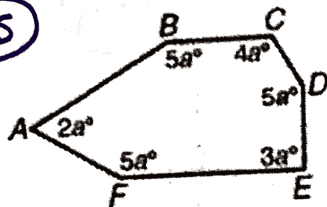


$$52+52+x=180$$

$$x=76$$

Find the value of a. →

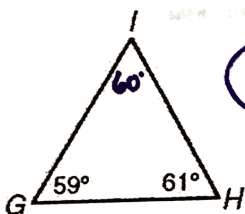
$$180(4)$$



$$20a=720$$

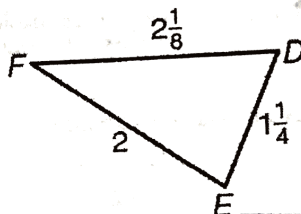
$$a=30$$

5. Name the sides from smallest to largest.



$\overline{HI}, \overline{HG}, \overline{IG}$

6. Name the angles in order from smallest to largest.



$\angle F, \angle D, \angle E$

7. Can three segments with lengths 8, 15, and 6 make a triangle? Explain your answer.

$$\text{No } 8+6 < 15$$

$$8+6 \neq 15$$

Two sides of a Δ added together must be greater than the 3rd side

8. Can a triangle be made from the side lengths 3, 3, and 6? Explain.

$$\text{No } 3+3 \leq 6$$

9. A triangle has sides 3 cm and 8 cm. What are the possible side lengths of the third side?

$$5 < x < 11$$

10. What is a midsegment of a triangle?

a line segment connecting the midpoints of two sides

Find the value of n.



$$2(n+14) = 3n+12$$

$$2n+28 = 3n+12$$

$$16 = n$$